

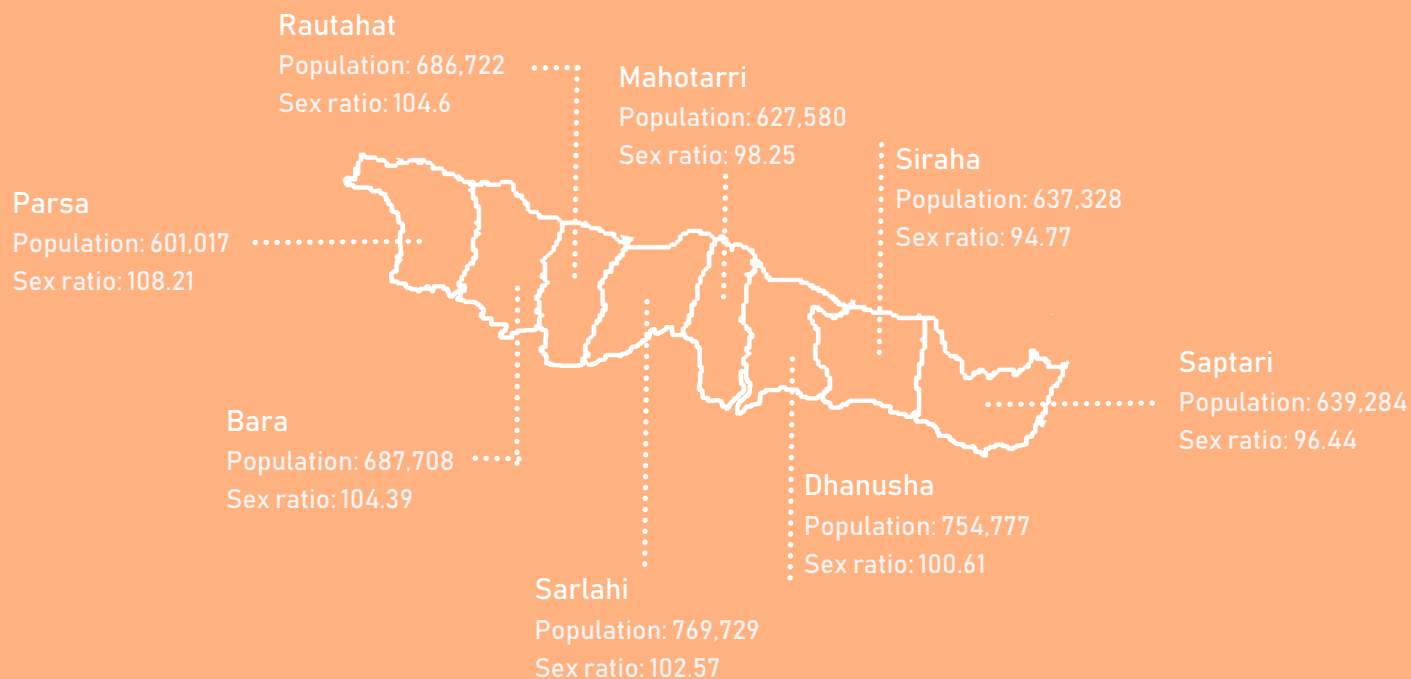
# Factsheet on Women

## Nepal, Province 2



8 Districts  
 32 House of Representative Constituencies  
 64 Provincial Constituencies  
 136 Local bodies  
 1,271 Wards

Source: Ministry of Federal Affairs and General Administration, Election Commission of Nepal



### Female headed-households <sup>1</sup>

Saptari	18,560	15.3%
Siraha	24,497	20.8%
Dhanusa	27,346	19.8%
Mahotarri	21,615	19.4%
Sarlahi	14,737	11.1%
Rautahat	6,098	5.7%
Bara	8,256	7.6%
Parsa	5,406	5.7%
<b>Total/Average</b>	<b>126,515</b>	<b>13.2%</b>

### % of female population with disability <sup>2</sup>

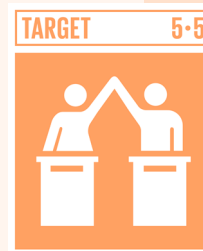
Saptari	1.1%
Siraha	1.2%
Dhanusa	1%
Mahotarri	1.4%
Sarlahi	1.1%
Rautahat	1.1%
Bara	1.5%
Parsa	0.9%
<b>Average</b>	<b>1.2%</b>

### % of female population aged 5 and above illiterate <sup>3</sup>

Saptari	54.2%
Siraha	57.8%
Dhanusa	55.8%
Mahotarri	60.6%
Sarlahi	60.4%
Rautahat	63.9%
Bara	56.2%
Parsa	53%
<b>Average</b>	<b>57.7%</b>

## POLITICAL PARTICIPATION <sup>4</sup>

At least  
**2,542**  
women elected as  
**ward members**,  
among whom  
**1,271 Dalit** women,  
out of 5,084 ward members <sup>5</sup>



Nepal has set a national target of

**42%**  
women in local bodies by  
**2030** <sup>6</sup>



**1 woman mayor** elected

## EMPLOYMENT <sup>7</sup>

**38.5%**

of women aged 15-49 are  
employed



**84.1%**

of employed women aged 15-49  
earn less than their husband

**78.7%**

are  
employed in  
agriculture

**3.9%**

are employed  
in unskilled  
manual  
occupations

**7%**

are employed  
in skilled  
manual  
occupations

**3.8%**

are employed  
in  
professional/  
technical/  
managerial  
occupations

**1.1%**

are employed  
in clerical  
occupations

**5.6%**

are  
employed in  
sales and  
services

## MIGRATION <sup>8</sup>



**20.2%**

of women aged 15-49  
migrated in the past  
10 years

**83%** within Nepal

**16.3%** to India

**0.8%** to others

## BANK ACCOUNT <sup>9</sup>



**28.7%**

of women aged 15-49  
use a bank account

<sup>5</sup>These numbers are based on the quota positions and do not include the 62 ward chairs or the 264 women elected to non-quota ward seats.

## EDUCATION <sup>10</sup>



**53.3%**  
of women aged 15-49 have no education

- 4.3% of women aged 15-49 completed primary education
- 6.4% of women aged 15-49 completed secondary education
- 5.8% of women aged 15-49 have more than secondary education

## ACCESS TO TECHNOLOGY <sup>11</sup>



**62.2%**  
of women aged 15-49 own a phone



**10.7%**  
of women aged 15-49 have ever used internet



Nepal has set a national target of **98%** of women aged 15-24 years using internet by **2030<sup>12</sup>**

## ACCESS TO MEDIA <sup>13</sup>

**46.8%**

of women aged 15-49 access no media in a week



**47.1%**  
of women aged 15-49 watch television once a week



**2.6%**  
of women aged 15-49 read a newspaper once a week



**18.6%**  
of women aged 15-49 listen to the radio once a week

## OWNERSHIP OF HOUSE AND LAND <sup>14</sup>



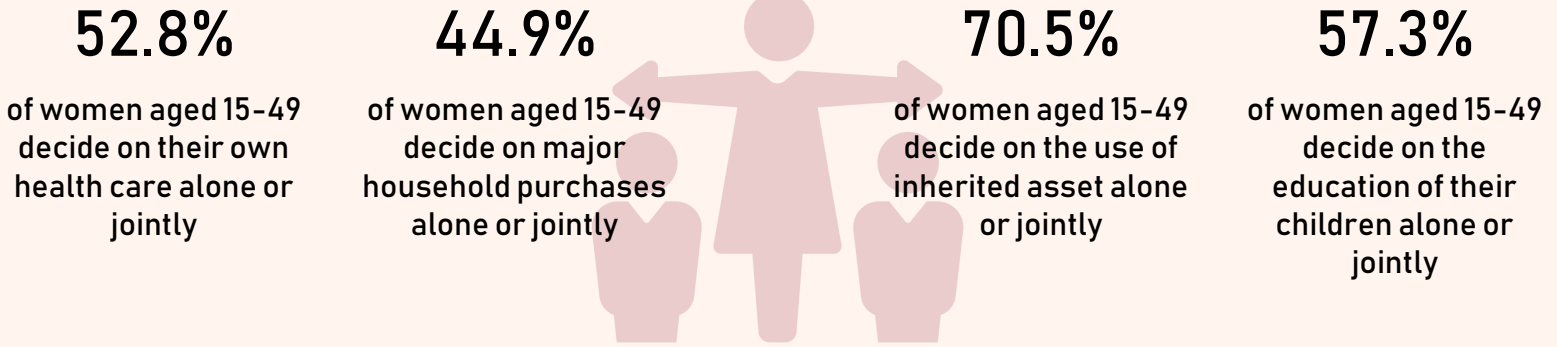
**93%**  
of women aged 15-49 do not own a house

- 6.1% of women 15-49 own a house alone
- 0.3% of women 15-49 own a house jointly

**87.7%**  
of women aged 15-49 do not own a land

- 11.9% of women 15-49 own land alone
- 0.2% of women 15-49 own land jointly

## DECISION MAKING IN PRIVATE SPHERE <sup>15</sup>



## SPOUSAL SEPARATION <sup>16</sup>

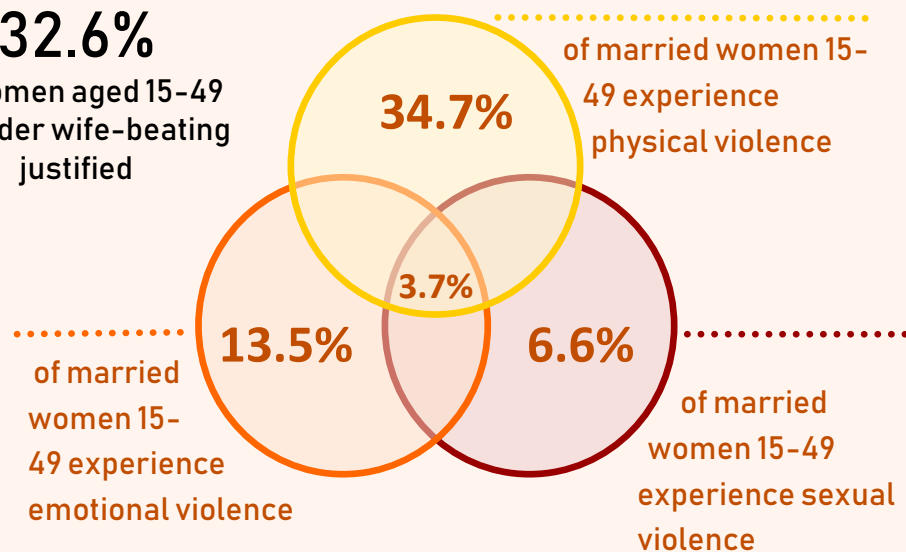


**38.7%**

of married women have their husband living away

## SPOUSAL VIOLENCE <sup>17</sup>

**32.6%**  
of women aged 15-49 consider wife-beating justified



## VIOLENCE AGAINST WOMEN <sup>18</sup>



**34.2%**

of women aged 15-49 have experienced physical violence



**6.1%**

of women aged 15-49 have experienced sexual violence



**76.4%**

of women aged 15-49 who have ever experienced violence have never sought help nor told anyone



Nepal has set a national target of

**6.5%**

of women aged 15-49 experiencing physical/sexual violence by

**2030<sup>19</sup>**

Source: Central Bureau of Statistics, 2012, Nepal Population and Housing Census 2011, : map at page 39-40, <sup>1</sup>page 114-115, <sup>2</sup>page 217-218, <sup>3</sup>page 229-230.

Ministry of Health and Population, 2017, Nepal Demographic Health Survey 2016, <sup>7</sup>pages 62-64&312, <sup>8</sup>pages 30-31, <sup>9</sup>page 322, <sup>10</sup>page 52, <sup>11</sup>page 322 & 60, <sup>12</sup>page 56, <sup>13</sup>page 315, <sup>14</sup>page 325, <sup>15</sup>page 51, <sup>16</sup>pages 327&355, <sup>18</sup>pages 348, 349, 351 & 362.

<sup>4</sup>National Planning Commission, 2017, Sustainable Development Goals: Status and Road Map 2016-2030, <sup>6</sup>page 54, <sup>12</sup>page 55 and <sup>16</sup>page 53.

Icons: @thenounproject; @theglobalgoals



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